



Assessment/Collection Gap Analysis

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June 12, 2009

Session Agenda

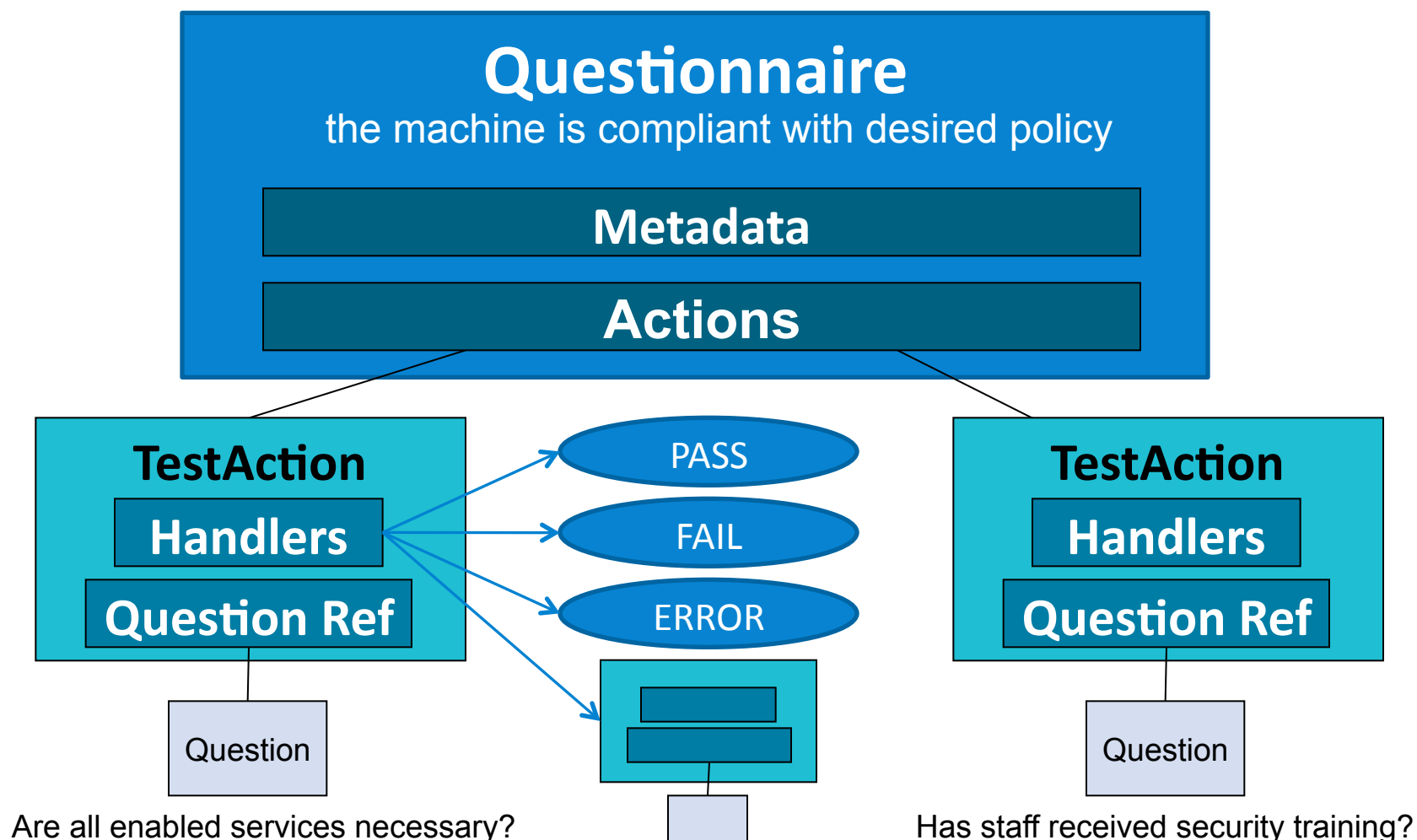
- Introduction to OCIL
 - OCIL – Open Checklist Interactive Language
 - Discussion of use cases and their support
- Introduction to OCRL
 - OCRL – Open Checklist Reporting Language
 - Discussion of use cases and their support
- Other gaps

OCIL – Open Checklist Interactive Language

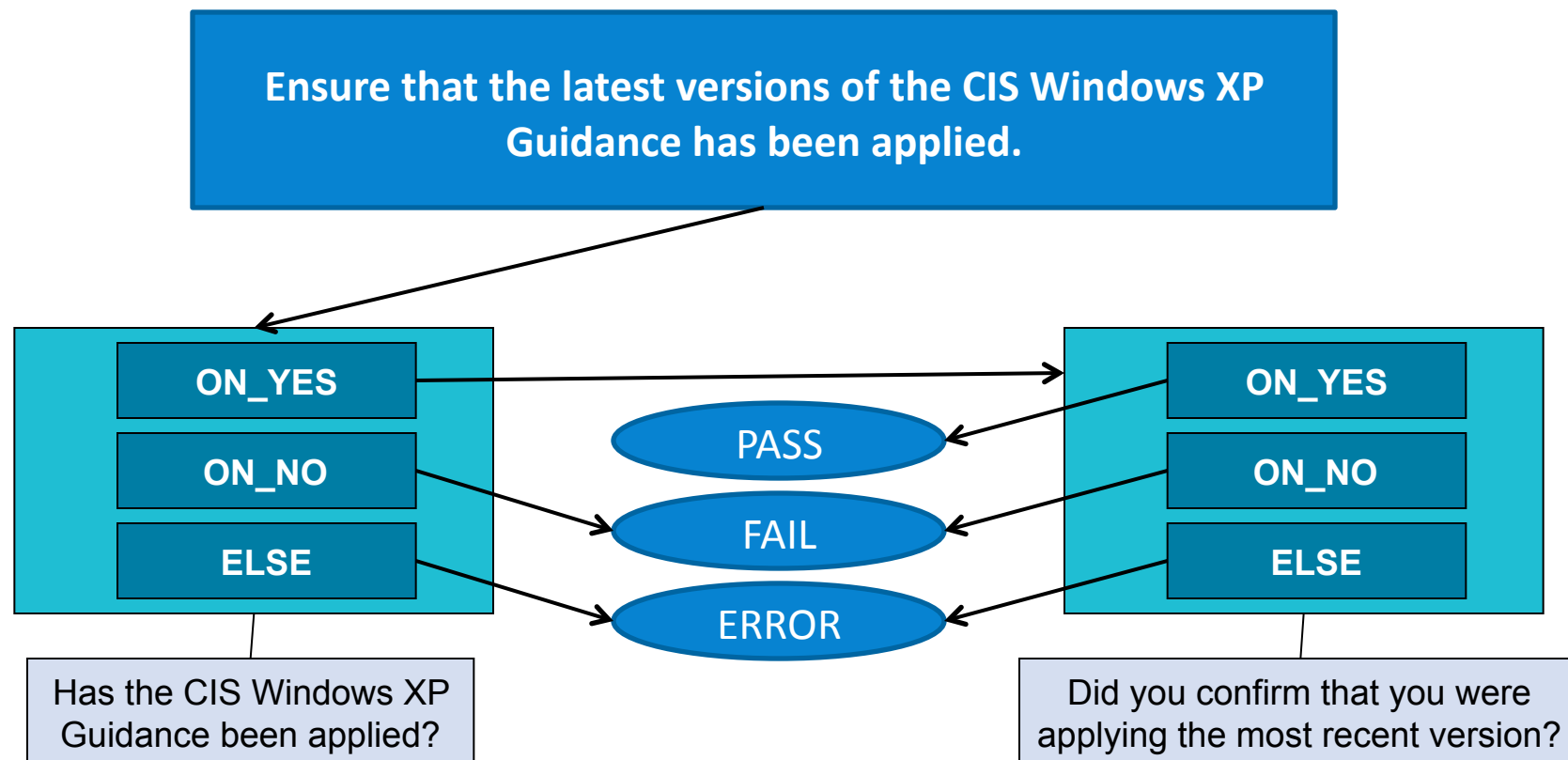
- Support of user question-answer interaction in checklists
- User responses can be Boolean, free text, numeric, or selected from a list of choices
- Language also supports exceptional responses (unknown, not tested, not applicable, error)
- Questions may be presented with a list of steps
 - User follows steps to determine their answer to the question
- Follow-on structures support sophisticated questionnaires
 - Responses combined using AND/OR operations
 - Forking of follow-on questions based on user responses
- Includes reporting structures to record relevant information

<http://scap.nist.gov/specifications/ocil/>

Structure of an OCIL Questionnaire



OCIL Questionnaire Example



OCIL Use Case

- **Some recommendations cannot be automatically tested**
 - Information is not stored on a system
 - “Is the server room door locked?”
 - The user is being assessed
 - “Do you lock your safe at the end of every day?”
 - The question is too abstract for automatic checking
 - “Are all unnecessary services disabled?”
- **OCIL allows checklists to receive and evaluate information when that information cannot be collected and/or evaluated autonomously**
 - Supports simple responses
 - Evaluation of responses limited to exact match, ranges (numeric), and pattern matching (free text)
 - Returns results compatible with XCCDF scoring
 - Broken into discrete entities (“questionnaires”) that can be referenced from XCCDF Rules

OCIL Use Case Discussion

- Is there community need for this use case?
- Does OCIL meet this use case?
- Are there other use cases or variants appropriate to OCIL?

Expansions to OCIL

■ Artifacts

- The artifact is not evaluated, but is stored with results.
- Intended to support auditors who require some artifact to back up user assertions
 - Current: Do you have a fire safety policy? [yes/no]
 - Proposed: ... and identify the file that describes the policy.
 - Policy file would not be “evaluated” but link would appear in results

■ Variables

- Import from XCCDF
- In questions?
 - Change what is asked
- In handlers?
 - Change the conditions under which certain actions are taken (chained TestActions) or which results are returned

Expansions to OCIL - continued

■ Unevaluated collection

- Not evaluated, but used to collect info
- Akin to using OVAL Objects without OVAL Tests/States

■ OCIL “Profiles”

- Internal tuning of variable settings
- Change the handler structures
 - E.g. affect the chain of follow-on questions
- Use cases
 - Support stand-alone OCIL
 - Profile selection controlled by variables (and XCCDF exports)?
- Issues
 - Is this moving “policy decisions” into OCIL?

OCRL – Open Checklist Reporting Language

- **Supports collection of system state information and formatting it into a report**
 - OCRL does no evaluating of state – just collection and reporting
 - Report is a tool that allows a reader to evaluate a compliance question
 - A subsequent activity (e.g. OCIL questionnaire) would be needed to get a result to a checklist tool

<http://ocrl.mitre.org/>

OCRL Report Definition Structure

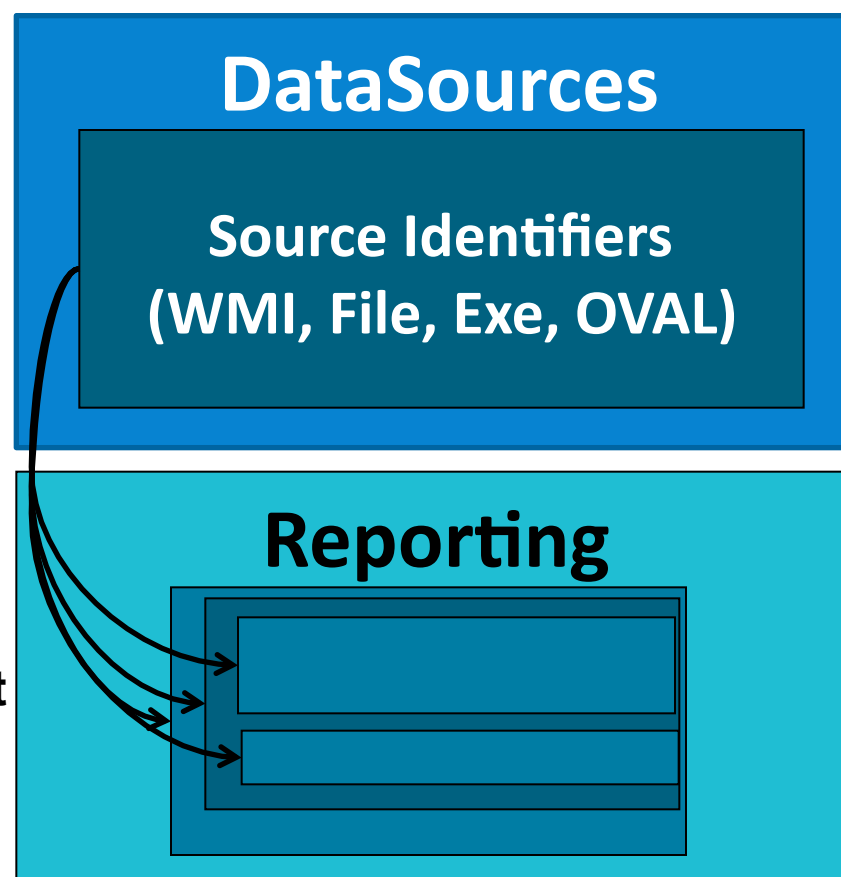
- Schema is currently a proof-of-concept
- ReportDefinition has two parts – DataSources and Reporting

- DataSources

- Gather state from system repositories
- Different subclasses for different repositories (like OVAL)
- Experiment using reference to OVAL Object structures

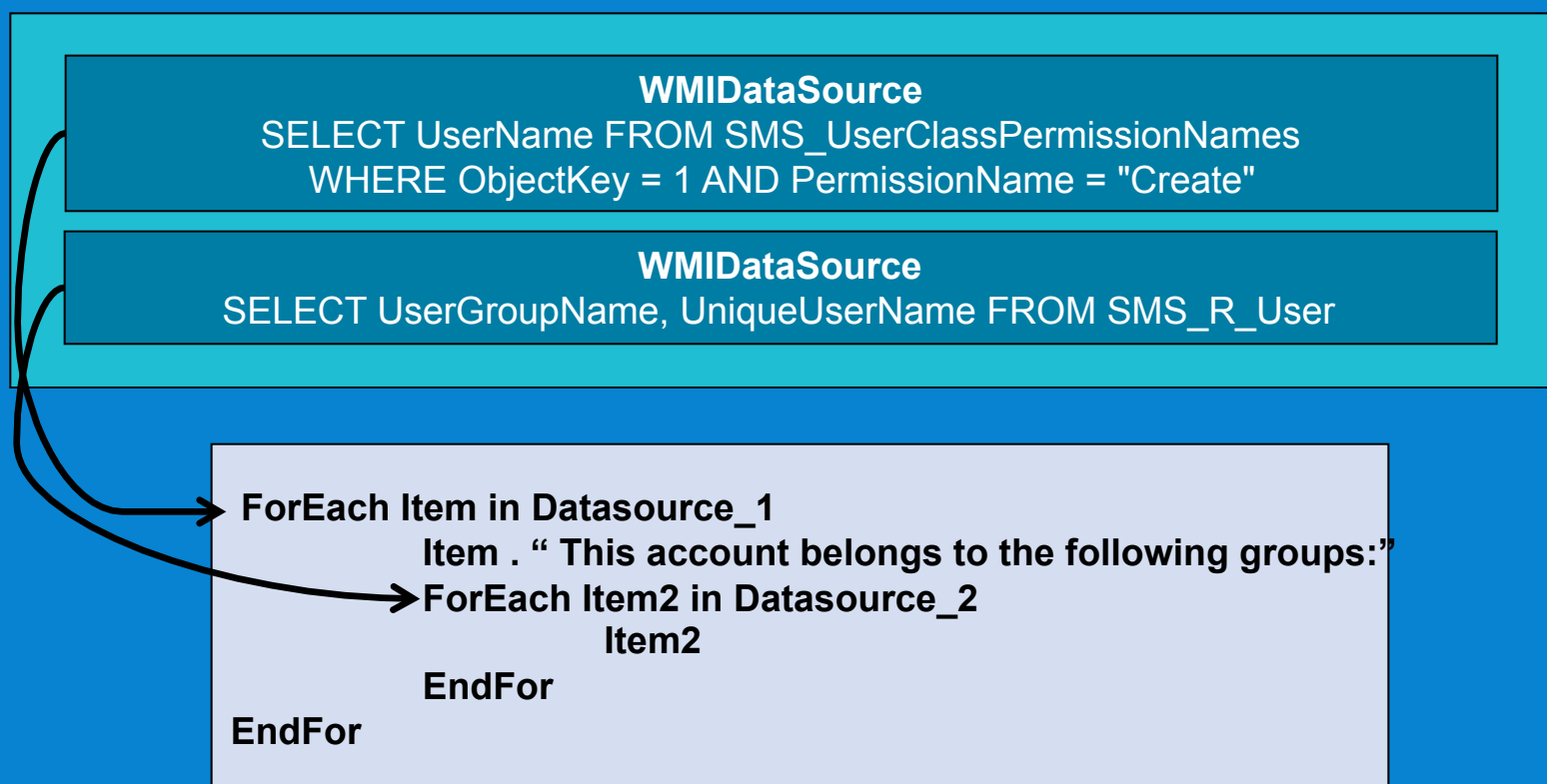
- Reporting

- Controls the organization of the collected data in the report



OCRL Example

Limit the number of groups to which an individual account belongs



OCRL Example Output

Recommendation: Limit the number of groups to which an individual account belongs

Instructions: Review the following account information to decide whether changes are needed for compliance with the recommendation:

UserName: Lisa

This account belongs to the following groups:

UserGroupName: Admins

UserGroupName: Administrator

UserName: Len

This account belongs to the following groups:

UserGroupName: Administrator

UserGroupName: SMS Operator

UserName: Charles

This account belongs to the following groups:

UserName: Shaan

This account belongs to the following groups:

UserName: Linda

This account belongs to the following groups:

OCRL Use Case

- **Information exists on a system and is accessible, but automatic evaluation is not possible**
 - **Criteria for evaluation requires human knowledge**
 - “Are all these enabled services necessary?”
 - Report shows a list of currently enabled services
 - **Evaluation requires cross referencing multiple data sources**
 - “Does any user have access to both key A and key B? (Ensure 2-person access)”
 - Report shows a list of users and their key lists
 - Evaluation would be impossible in OVAL if data was stored by key
- **OCRL allows compilation of (potentially diverse) data sets and formatting them in a way that a user can quickly use them to determine compliance**
 - **Report can be called from XCCDF, but always returns “INFORMATIONAL”**

OCRL Use Case Discussion

- MITRE has experienced cases where this capability would be useful
 - Grant access privileges to the ITIM_HOME directory and its subdirectories only to users who require access.
 - Gather user privilege data, display report to admin, admin decides if the users require access
 - Ensure an appropriate value for the recycle bin retention period is set based on available disk space.
 - Gather recycle bin retention periods, display report to admin, admin decides if it is appropriate
- Does the community see a need for this use case?
- Should we be using a new or existing spec?